BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, March 4th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum, IN ADVANCE; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

NEW-YORK TRIBUNE. 1863.

The New-York Tribune, first issued in 1841, in its twenty-second years, has obtained both a larger and a more widely diffused circulation than any other newspaper ever published in America. Though it has suffered, in common with other journals, from the volunteering and departure of tens of thousands of its patrons to serve in the War for the Union, its circulation on this 6th of December, 1862, is as follows:

Daily	50,125
Semi-Weekly	17,250
Weekly	148,000
Aggregate	215,375

Preeminently a journal of News and of Literature, The Tribune has political convictions, which are well characterized by the single word Republican. It is Republican in its hearty adhesion to the great truth that "God has made of one blood all nations of men"—Republican in its assertion of the equal and inalienable rights of all men to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness"—Republican in its steadfast, earnest, defiant hostility to every scheme and effort of the Slave Power, from the Annexation of Texas to the great Rebellion, to grasp the empire of the New World and wield the resources of our country for its own aggrandizement—Republican in its antagonism to the despots of the Old World, who fondly hail in the perils and calamities suddenly thrust upon us by their American counterpart the overthrow and ruin of the United Republic—Republican in its faith and trust, its faith and effort, that this atrocious Rebellion must result in the signal overthrow of its authors and the firm establishment of equal rights and equal laws throughout the whole extent of our country, wherein Liberty and Union shall indeed be "one and inseparable" henceforth and forever.

The Tribune devotes attention to passing times, and to some extent to Agriculture, Inventions, and whatever else may minister to the spiritual and material progress and well-being of mankind; but for the present its energies and its columns are mainly devoted to the invigoration and success of War for the Union. Its special correspondents accompany every considerable army and report every important incident of that great struggle which we trust to result in the speediest and most conclusive triumph of the Armies of Freedom, and the restoration of Peace and Thrift to our distracted country. We believe that not otherwise can a fuller or more accurate view of the progress and character of this momentous conflict be obtained than through the regular columns of our paper. And we earnestly solicit the co-operation of friends of the National cause, which we regard and uphold as that of Universal Humanity, to aid us in extending its circulation.

TERMS.

The enormous increase in the price of paper and other materials used in printing newspapers compels us to increase the price of The Tribune. Our new terms are:

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Single Copy.....4 cents.
Mail Subscribers, one year (311 issues).....$8.

SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Single Copy, one year (52 issues).....$2.
Three Copies, one year.....$5.
Five Copies, one year.....$8.
Ten Copies, one year.....$15.

And larger number, *addressed to individual subscribers*, $1.50 each. An extra copy will be sent to every club of ten.

Twenty Copies, *to one address*, one year, $25, and any larger number at the same price. An extra copy will be sent to clubs of twenty. To clubs of fifty THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be sent. To clubs of fifty THE DAILY TRIBUNE will be sent gratis.

Address THE TRIBUNE,
Tribune Buildings, New-York.

When drafts can be procured it is much safer than to remit Bank Bills. The name of the Post Office and State should in all cases be plainly written.

Subscribers who send money by Express, must prepay the Express charges, else it will be deducted from the remittance.

The Tribune Almanac for 1863 will be ready about Christmas.

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, Proprietor

In addition to the conveniences of a first class Hotel, the Proprietor has fitted up in his house, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIAL and Blood Renovator, the genuine article, sale at the Drug Store of

oc22 DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 39--No. 9. Beaver, Wednesday, March 4, 1863. Established 1818

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to TWELVE lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year. Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

REMARKS OF MR. HENRY.

The following are the remarks made by Wm. Henry Esq., in the House of Representatives, on the Bill to change the venue in the case of Mrs. Barker *et. al.*:

Mr. Speaker, the remarks I shall offer to the House on this proposition will not be presented in the expectation of changing the purpose of any gentleman on this floor, much less of affecting the final issue of the bill; yet though a foregone conclusion that it will be sustained, duty demands that I shall not permit it to pass in silence. It is hardly necessary I should state to the House that to me this is not a pleasant subject. I confess to a feeling of regret that I am here called upon to stand in the way seemingly, even in the smallest degree, of those whom I have always respected and have always met in kindness and courtesy. But, sir, a sense of public duty, over-riding all personal consideration, constrains me to protest against the passage of this bill, and to offer some considerations why in my judgment it ought not to become a law.

When the proposition was first suggested, I supposed the main question for the consideration of the House was whether in the county I represent, public virtue was so far corrupted, or justice so far blinded by excitement, by passion, or prejudice, that those long occupying reputable positions in society, who would go into the halls of justice with all that is desirable in name and character, dare not commit a cause to the determination of a jury of the vicinage.

In this aspect alone, on a former occasion I was made briefly to look at the case; and I felt it to be my duty then, as I do now, deliberately to throw back the imputation I conceive to be cast upon our people; again asserting that they are quite as virtuous, as intelligent, as humane, and possessing as high sense of honor and justice, as the constituency of any who surround me on this floor.

I have denied, and I again deny, the existence of any excitement on this subject among the people; and there is nothing whatever before the House to sustain or justify the allegation. The memorial to the Governor asking for a previous pardon, read here, and placed upon the record, makes no mention whatever of any such fact. It assumes the innocence of the parties, and calls for the interposition of the pardoning power of the State, as established in a lawful and regular manner; but it does not even insinuate that the facts of the case cannot just as well be elicited and determined in a court of justice in the county of Beaver, as in Washington or elsewhere.

An excited feeling among any people will always be indicated by their conversation—a constant dwelling upon the subject matter in hand; yet traverse the districts of the county I represent, and I doubt whether you will hear a single word from the people relative to these parties. This is my own experience. Subsequent to this occurrence I have been through a number of districts, meeting many persons, and I do not recollect that the matter was referred to by a single individual. I reside in a manufacturing village, two miles north of the county town, where the people from a wide circle resort to the mills, the factories and workshops at the falls of the Beaver. Yet never but once to my recollection did any of them, in my presence, refer to this matter in any way or manner. Indeed, to the great body of the people these parties are entirely unknown, toward whom they can have no feeling of prejudice whatever.

On a former occasion I stated that I had written home for advice and information, having reference, among other things, to the state of public feeling. I thus drew responses from several quarters of the county, all expressing surprise that such a question should be raised here—all affirming that there is not a particle of foundation for this application. Indeed so little merit has it, that if allowed, any or all cases in all the counties may be removed with equal propriety.

But, Mr. Speaker, the manner in which this question has been treated on a former occasion—gentlemen charging this prosecution very unfairly and falsely to the account of long treasured up personal or political resentment—constrains me to present to the House the facts which underlie this whole business. The gentleman from Cambria has given one side of the story. I now propose to give another; and the future, when the parties on each side face each other in court, will decide between us. I have heretofore stated that I desired to save these parties from any unnecessary exposure here; but the course of gentlemen on the other side, leaves me no excuse whatever for silence on this part of the subject.—Justice to individuals at home, who are indirectly and very unnecessarily assailed, as well as justice to the community, requires, now a plain statement of facts, such as I am assured by gentlemen in whom I can confide, will be verified by the testimony of many reputable witnesses. I do this also to show that the prosecution, commenced by a public officer personally cognizant of the main facts in the case, was unavoidable, the neglect to enter upon which would have been altogether unexcusable if not criminal. I shall present only the prominent features of the case, brought within the smallest compass, leaving each one to draw his own inferences and reach his own conclusions.

In the month of March last, a most atrocious, cold-blooded murder was perpetrated in the north western quarter of Beaver county, the victim, named John Ansley, having been a very respectable man, advanced in years, with whom I was well acquainted. This crime was probably the result of two other lawless acts, the road to ruin thus, as often, widening to those who give a loose rein to unbridled passion, or the base and wicked emotions of the human mind.

Ansley had left home for the purpose of seeing a young man of reckless character, named Eli F. Sheets, about a horse supposed to have been stolen, and sold or traded by Sheets to Ansley's son-in-law. Ansley was last seen alive in company with Sheets, and some three or four days subsequently, his body was found in a rather retired place, riddled with six balls, the horse also having been killed, and the body lying near. A few days after the discovery of the murder, Sheets was arrested in the State of Ohio, where he originally belonged, and after the lapse of six months, at the September term of court, was placed upon trial, which was conducted with great care, deliberation and impartiality.

As was remarked by many at the time, the trial failed to produce any excitement, or indeed, for such an atrocious crime, any very marked interest in court, which lack of feeling was in the main ascribed to the troubled state of the country, and the all-absorbing interest of the daily alarms and excitements of war. The unfortunate and misguided young man was convicted of murder in the first degree, and now awaits the hour for the expiation of his awful crime on the gallows.

Pending the argument of a motion for a new trial, on the night of the 22nd of October last, Sheets escaped from prison. The door of his cell and the rear door of the prison were unlocked, and the criminal took his departure seemingly over the high wall of the enclosure. The Sheriff immediately dispatched messengers in all directions; but living himself in the jail, on scanning the premises closely, [illegible] had been taken in placing objects near to the wall, with a rope thrown over, yet manifestly not having been used at all in the escape. Then the idea was suggested that the fugitive had made his exit through one of the outer gates; and of course the person who had opened and closed the gate could have had no difficulty in opening the doors also.

Thus suspicion was directed towards a young man named Barrington, a kind of under jailor and man of all work, who had been employed about the prison for several years by the present and late sheriff. Hitherto he had conducted himself properly, and I am assured by a gentleman here, known to most of the members of this House, who knows all about him, that he will go into court without any one having previously impeached his character for truth and veracity.—He was arrested on the morning of the third day after the escape of Sheets; and on the sixth day confessed that he had opened the prison doors, let the murderer out, and conducted him to his appointed hiding-place, where yet he could be found. Said he to the sheriff, "Take me out of here, and I will lead you to where Sheets is now in fifteen minutes." The sheriff doubted, but it was his duty to test the case, and to do so would require neither time nor money. Calling some friends to his aid, the party set out, Barrington pointing the way. The prison fronts to the north, on a large public square, with dwellings ranging on either side at some little distance. In the rear of the prison is a range of dwellings, three hundred yards distant, with none intervening, scattered along the high bank of the Ohio river. To one of these, and nowhere else, the party was led and halted; and this was the dwelling of this family, which Barrington affirmed, was Sheets' place of concealment. The sheriff was struck with amazement.—This could not be. But Barrington was positive. Though locked up from the world for three or four days, he assured the sheriff he would find Sheets in there. The sheriff concluded he would go in, apologize as best he could, look round and retire. He saw both the ladies. The gentleman from Cambria to the contrary notwithstanding he saw both the ladies; and it must suffice here to say that he did not meet the reception he expected. Returning to those without, he remarked, "When we stopped at this house I did not believe Sheets was here; now I am inclined to think he is." Arranging his party, he entered upon the search—through the lower apartments, the chambers above, the attic, the cellar. Finally a door in the rear of an upper back room attracted his attention. A domestic objection was suggested, but the sheriff persisted.—Opening the door, a narrow space was presented on either hand, and another door beyond. Opening this, he stepped into a room over the kitchen department, and looking under a bed, drew out the object of his search by the heels. Here was a most remarkable *denoument*, and of course something of a revulsion of feeling all round, Sheets remarking, "If I had had my own way you would not have found me here."

Barrington plead guilty to the charge preferred against him, and afterwards declared on oath that these ladies had planned the escape and concealment, which was to last until the search was over, and that he acted entirely under their direction. For a long time he had been frequently at the house of the family, doing small jobs, going on errands, and making himself generally useful. Though the two convicts have not seen each other or exchanged a word since the hour of recapture, the story of Sheets is in direct corroboration.

Now, sir, a word as to the complaint or information against the family.—This was made by the sheriff, not from long pent up feelings of revenge or political considerations, as has been most absurdly and falsely alleged—but from a sense alone of public duty.—His home is twenty miles distant from the county town, near to Washington county and the Virginia line, and until two years ago he knew nothing whatever of this family; the two years also having been marked by kind and neighborly feeling.

It was the sworn duty of the sheriff to act just as he did in the case.—Here a plot was revealed to him, almost entirely consummated, the complete success of which would have rendered law and justice nugatory, and let a murderer loose upon society. When searched out, as it was by himself, surely it was his duty to have the parties bound over. The people had nothing to do with it whatever, unless indeed the sheriff is to be regarded as a representative man; and their only thought and desire is that these parties shall be treated like all others under the law. They prejudge no one, but are always ready to render equal and exact justice to all classes and conditions in society.

Mr. Speaker, it has been urged here as a matter of complaint, that this affair has been noticed by the press, and that as a necessary consequence the public feeling must be excited.—Now, apply this rule to cases of infraction of law in Philadelphia and Allegheny alone, and there your files would be overburdened with bills of this character, exhausting much of the time of your [illegible] bodies, and often overcrowding the [illegible] cognizance of such matter; yet this will not prevent an honest man in going into the jury box from weighing the testimony with impartiality, and rendering a righteous verdict. A political issue has been attempted, to be made in behalf of the parties, of which they have the full benefit, here and elsewhere; and if in rebuking this spirit, the press shall have made use of a word of doubtful propriety, they have the benefit of that also.

Mr. Speaker, I repeat the denial of the existence of any prejudice against these parties among the people of Beaver county,—certainly none such as would preclude a fair and impartial trial. There they can have the full measure of justice. There, I know, they can most safely commit at just cause to a court and jury. There I know also that many do sympathise with them in all the difficulties with which they are surrounded, who will rejoice to see them justly and properly cleared of all complicity in this most remarkable affair; or, if there are mysteries still more deeply involved, as some are inclined to believe, that these shall be so developed as to give them their full benefit.

The people I represent, however, hold that the law is made to protect as well as to restrain every human being—the exalted as well as the humble—and this is certainly the end and object of all government. They would measure out the same justice and charity in error to the woman who toils for her daily bread, as she of wealth and fashion, though backed by influence and power. This may, by some, be regarded as a weakness in them; but they have lived by it, and I trust will stand by it to the end.

The F. F. V.'s Suffering.

A Norfolk correspondent of the New York *Times* says that a pall of dilapidation and poverty hangs over the Virginian city. Gentlemen and high-minded looking individuals may be seen at every turn, in a pitiable state of shabbiness. Their seedy black coats are dotted with repairs.—During pleasant weather they appear with anxious eyes in the streets, grouped together at favorite lounging places, but on chilly days the hotels are their haunts, for few can afford great coats. They can obtain no rents for their property, they can do no business without taking the oath, and their means of existence is very problematical. The lot of ladies is still more pitiable, for few Southern women are educated to earn a living. Negroes whom they hired out, and upon whose earnings they had been taught mainly to exist, have concluded to work for themselves. Rents of any houses they may have cannot be collected, and a number whose incomes could formerly be counted by thousands now depend on the good offices of less unfortunate friends, repaying them by what sewing they are able to do.

AN OLD FARMER'S SPEECH.

The Natural Eloquence of Patriotism.

[In the Illinois Senate lately the following speech was delivered. There have been more pretensions and labored efforts during the present war, but none that had in them more of true natural eloquence and fervent patriotism. We should like to have seen and heard the old man; and we republish it that its stirring eloquence may be read by the traitors who disgrace the State of Pennsylvania. The voice of a patriot like that of the Illinois Senator could be raised with similar effect in our own Legislature. Who has courage to speak the truth?]

A great sensation was caused by a speech delivered by Mr. Funk, one of the richest farmers of the State, a man who pays over $3,000 per annum in taxes towards the support of the Government. The lobby and gallery were crowded with spectators. Mr. Funk rose to object to trifling resolutions which were being introduced by the Democrats to kill time, and stave off a vote upon the appropriation for support of the State Government.—He said:

Mr. Speaker—I can sit in my seat no longer and see such boys' play going on. These men are trifling with the best interests of the country—They should have asses' ears to set off their heads, or they are secessionists and traitors at heart.

I say that there are traitors and secessionists at heart in this Senate.—Their actions prove it. Their speeches prove it. Their gibes, laughter and cheers here nightly, when their speakers get up in this hall and denounce the war and the Administration prove it.

I can sit here no longer and not tell these traitors what I think of them. And, while so telling them, I am responsible myself for what I say. I am ready to meet any man on this floor, in any manner, from a pin's point to the mouth of a cannon, upon this charge against these traitors. [Tremendous applause from the galleries.] I am an old man of sixty-five. I came to Illinois a poor boy. I made a little something for myself and family. I pay $3,000 a year in taxes. I am willing to pay $6,000, aye $12,000, [great cheering, the old gentleman bringing down his fist upon his desk bullock, and causing the inkstands to bounce half-dozen inches in the air,] aye, I am willing to pay my whole fortune, and then give my life to save my country from these traitors that are seeking to destroy it. [Tremendous cheering and applause, which the Speaker could not subdue.]

Mr. speaker, you must please excuse me. I could not sit longer in my seat, and calmly listen to these traitors.—My heart, that feels for my country, would not let me. My heart, that cries out for the lives of our brave volunteers in the field, that these traitors at home are destroying by thousands, would not let me. Yes, these villians and traitors and secessionists in this Senate, [striking his clenched fists on the desk with a blow that made the house ring again] are killing my neighbors' boys, now fighting in the field. I dare to tell this to these traitors, to their faces, and that I am responsible for what I say to one and all of them. [Cheers.] Let them come on, right here. I am sixty-five years old, and I have made up my mind to risk my life right here, on this floor, for my country. [Mr. Funk stood near the lobby railing, his desk be one of the row immediately in front of it. A crowd, as he proceeded, collected around him, evidently with the intention of protecting him from violence, if necessary. The last announcement was received with cheering, and I saw many an eye flash, and many a countenance grow radiant with the light of defiance.]

These men sneered at Colonel Mack a day or two ago. He is a little man, but I am a large man. I am ready to meet any of them, in place of Colonel Mack. I am large enough for them, and I hold myself ready for them now, and at any time. [Cheers from the galleries.]

Mr. Speaker, these traitors on this floor should be provided with hempen collars. They deserve them. They deserve them. They deserve hanging, I say. [Raising his voice and violently striking the desk.] The country would be better off to swing them up. I go for hanging them, and I dare to tell them so, right here, to their traitorous face. Traitors should be hung. It would be the salvation of the country to hang them. For that reason I would rejoice at it. [Tremendous cheering.]

Mr. Speaker, I beg pardon of the gentleman in the Senate who are not traitors, but true, loyal men, for what I have said. I only intend it and mean it for secessionists at heart.—They are here, in this Senate. I see them joke, and smirk and grin at a true Union man. But I defy them.—I stand here ready for them and dare them to come on. [Great cheering.] What man with the heart of a patriot could stand this treason any longer?—I have stood it long enough. I will stand it no more. [Cheers.] I denounce these men and their aiders and abettors as rank traitors and secessionists. Hell itself could not spew out a more traitorous crew than some of the men who disgrace this Legislature, this State and this country. For myself, I protest against and denounce their treasonable acts. I have voted against their measures. I will do so to the end. I will denounce them as long as God gives me breath. And I am ready to meet the traitors themselves, here or anywhere, and fight them to the death. [Prolonged cheers and shouts.]

I said I paid three thousand dollars a year taxes. I do not say it to brag of it. It is my duty; yes, Mr. Speaker, my privilege to do it. But some of the traitors here, who are working night and day to get them miserable little bills and claims through the Legislature, to take money out of the pockets of the people, are talking about high taxes. They are hypocrites, as well as traitors. I heard some of them talking about high taxes in this way who do not pay five dollars to support the Government. I denounce them as hypocrites as well as traitors.—[Cheers.]

The reason that they pretend to be afraid of high taxes is that they do not want to vote money for the relief of the soldiers. They want also to embarrass the Government and stop the war. They want to aid the secessionists to conquer our boys in the field. *They* care about taxes? They are pic-yune men, anyhow. They pay no taxes at all, and never did, and never hope to, unless they can manage to plunder the Government. [Cheers.] This is an excuse of traitors.

[Here the Speaker called for order in the galleries.]

Mr. Speaker, excuse me. I feel for my country in this her hour of danger; I feel for her from the tips of my toes to the ends of my hair. This is the reason I speak as I do. I cannot help it. I am bound to tell these men to their teeth what they are, and what the people the true loyal people think of them. [Tremendous cheering. The Speaker rapped upon the desk in unison with the applause, apparently to stop it, but really to add to its volume, for I could see by his flushed cheek and flashing eye that his heart was with the brave and loyal old gentleman.]

Mr. Speaker, I have said my say.—I am no speaker. This is the only speech I have made. And I do not know that it deserves to be called a speech. I could not sit still any longer, and see these scoundrels and traitors work out their selfish schemes to make the most of them. I am ready to back up all I say, and I repeat it, to meet these traitors in any manner they may choose, from a pin's point to the mouth of a cannon. [Tumultuous applause, during which the old gentleman sat down after he had given the desk a parting whack, which sounded loud above the din of cheers and clapping of hands.]

I never witnessed so much excitement in my life in an assembly. Mr. Funk spoke with a force of natural eloquence, with a conviction and truthfulness, with a fervor and passion that wrought up the galleries, and even members on the floor, to the highest pitch of excitement. His voice was heard in the stores that surround the square, and the people came flocking in from all quarters.—In five minutes he had an audience that packed the hall to its utmost capacity. After he had concluded, the Republican members and spectators rushed up and took him by the hand to congratulate him. The Democrats said nothing, but evidently felt the castigation they were receiving most keenly, as might be seen from their blanched cheeks and restless and uneasy glances.

An Agreeable Surprise.—A singular incident of the war, says the Nashville *Union*, was related to us the other day. Three fathers came up the Cumberland river, on the last fleet, for the purpose of bringing back home with them the bodies of their sons, who had fallen in the memorable battle of Stone river.—They carried with them three metallic coffins, in which to place the remains of their gallant boys. The boat which they were on stopped on her way up at Clarksville, for a short time, and the grief-stricken fathers stepped ashore. Greatly to their astonishment, almost the first persons whom they saw were their three sons, who were jolly and hearty, and overjoyed to see the "old folks" from home—having no more idea of getting into a burial case than they had of throwing a flip-flap over the moon. The meeting was a most agreeable and remarkable surprise to both parties.

☞ Johnny, the minister's son, went to his father one morning directly after family worship; saying:—"Father, while you were praying, I saw a man in the garden stealing grapes."

"Well," answered the good man, "if you would have been praying too, you would not have seen him."

"But, father," said Johnny, "the Bible says we are to watch as well as pray."

☞ A Western wag says:—"Gen. Blunt's strategy is in three parts. First, finding where the enemy are; second, immediately sending a bombshell at them; third, going to see where it struck."

Good Stuff for a Halter.

D. A. Mahony, the conceited and blathering traitor who edits the Jeff Davis organ in Iowa, and who served a term in an "Abolition Bastile," and was "honorably discharged," when he ought to have been hanged was hearer of John Van Buren's war speech, made in New York a few evenings since, and has addressed a letter to the New York *World*, dissenting from Van Buren's views, and professing to speak for the Democracy of the North West. He says, if Van Buren correctly represents the Democracy of the East—

"There is a vast chasm between the Democracy of the North-west, where I hail from, and that of New York. You, of this State, according to Mr. Van Buren, are for a vigorous prosecution of the war; we, of the North-west, are for a vigorous prosecution of peace. I do not speak for the North-west, but of it, when I say that the people of that section, especially those of Illinois, Indiana and Iowa, are opposed to a further prosecution of the existing war.

"The practical design of this communication is to produce concert of action; if there be harmony of sentiment, between the conservative elements of New York and of the North-west; and if there be not that harmony of sentiment between us, to let us understand each other. If Mr. Van Buren speaks for the Democracy of the North-east, then we are not with you. What is desirable for us of the North-west to know is, does Mr. Van Buren represent Democratic sentiment—conservative sentiment—in New York, when at this stage of affairs he favors a vigorous prosecution of the war."

Remonstrance from the South.

The New Orleans *Delta* of January 29th addresses a word to the North in which it asks:—"Are those gentlemen at the North who are crying peace and armistice aware of the mischief they are doing? Are they aware that in every such utterance they nerve the arms of the enemy and renew the hopes of the rebel army, which is only kept from revolt by promises of a speedy peace, which promises of peace are generally based upon some speech made in Congress or in New York? Is it fair to reproach with fool and traitor for the subject of the haughtiest government in Europe—and proclaim that the nation will be ruined if that state paper is not withdrawn and this measure advanced? What is this measure or that measure," continues the *Delta*—"the adoption or rejection of any particular line of policy on the part of the Administration—to the one great duty of the hour, the absolute crushing of rebellion?"

Copperheads.—The term "copperhead" is applied to Northern traitors, and in view of the fact that, according to naturalists, it is one of the most venomous serpent the most dangerous after the rattlesnake, the nation must be defended altogether appropriate. The Copperhead is found in certain competent authority [illegible] places—like the secret compartments of the Diffusion Society—no warning of its proximity—traitors never do; attacks directly or in self-defense—cowards always act thus; it is called, 'chunkhead,' from the unusual thickness of its skull; and 'deaf adder,' because of its incomparable stupidity. It is one of the most poisonous and dangerous of reptiles, a sensual, besotted, cold, treacherous thing; hiding in dark places; murdering the unwary traveler; upon innocent birds; cowardly, remorseless, cruel and loathsome. There is remarkable fitness in name—let the traitors be called copperheads."

Extravagance of Josephine.—Empress Josephine had a passion for shawls, and it is questionable whether any collection ever as valuable as hers. She had [illegible] hundred and fifty extremely beautiful and high priced shawls. She sent designs to Constantinople, and the shawls made after these designs were beautiful as they were valuable. Every week M. Iberformant came to Navarre, and sold her whatever he could obtain that was curious in this way. Among others she had many white shawls, covered with roses, bluebells, parroquets and peacocks, &c., which were not to be met with anywhere else in Europe; that were valued at 15,000 and 20,000 francs each. The shawls were at length sold by auction at Malmaison, at a rate much below their value. All Paris went to the sale.

☞ A party taking supper at an hotel found the poultry rather tough.—One genius, after exercising his ingenuity to no effect in trying to dissect an old fowl, turned to the waiter and asked,

"Have you such a thing as a powder flask?"

"No, sir, we have not, do you want one?"

"Why yes, I think the shortest way would be to blow the old fellow up."

BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, March 4th, 1863.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

S. M. Pentengill & Co.,

No. 37 Park Row, N. Y., & 6 State st., Boston, are our Agents for the Argus in those cities and are authorized to take Advertisements and Subscriptions for us at our *Lowest Rates.*

NOTICE.

HAVING disposed of my interest in the Beaver *Argus*, all those indebted to me for subscription, job work, etc., will please call and settle immediately with J. L. Anderson, who is authorized to receipt in my name.
Feb. 19, '62. T. C. NICHOLSON.

☞ We are authorized to say that the Collector of U. S. taxes will be at the office of Mr. Davenport, (the Assessor) on the 10th, 11th and 12th of March, to wait on persons having business with him. Those having taxes to pay would do well to call or send the money by persons coming to Court.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE. —We learn that the examination of the classes in the Beaver Seminary and Institute, will commence next week, Wednesday morning, at the Seminary, and will continue till Thursday noon. The patrons and friends of the school are invited to be present.

Lecture.

We learn that the Rev. William B. Watkins, of New Brighton, will deliver a lecture for the benefit of the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society, at the Court House, on Thursday evening, 5th inst. The admission will be free, but a collection will be taken up at the close of the lecture. The following note has been received by the Secretary from Mr. W. in answer to an invitation to deliver a lecture:

NEW BRIGHTON, Feb. 28, '63.

To the Ladies of the Soldiers' Aid Society, Beaver, Pa:—In reply to your very kind invitation to lecture in Beaver, on next Thursday evening, I will say that I will be present at the time specified, and will lecture on "*Words—their Origin and Use.*"

Yours, respectfully,
WILLIAM B. WATKINS.

To Mrs. Julia S. Blain.

"Bible view of Slavery."

Under the above caption we find in the *Star* of last week an article in which the editor reasons about as follows:

The Bible may sanction *slavery*, or it may not. The Southern people, and a great many of the Northern people, believe that *slavery is right*, therefore it is *right*. Some people believe that *slavery is wrong*, and therefore *it may* be wrong. And whatever is, is; and whatever is is right, therefore, Methodists and Baptists didn't agree on every point, therefore *slavery is right*; and *slavery* being right, therefore we ought not to fight with our southern brethern, and therefore the North is all wrong and the South is all right, and the North ought to let the South rule over them; and that we ought not to fight with our southern brethern, but let them have their own way. Thus argues the stupid and foul-mouthed traitor of the *Star*, through the columns of his vile and libelious sheet.

Judge Agnew's Lecture.

The recent lecture of Judge Agnew, in New Brighton, is universally spoken of as instructive, eloquent and able. It discussed the new relations that War, under our constitution, necessarily begets. The general power of the President, his peculiar duty to "maintain, defend and protect" our Constitutional Government and Union were the especial themes of exposition. The adaptations of our Constitution to a state of Rebellion and civil war, were at large elaborated, and the main position assumed that whatever be the war, by the terms of the Constitution, and its rules and necessities of action as contradistinguished from a state of Peace, restricts to a degree our civil rights, and imposes and exacts new duties in our Constitutional relation to the Government and society. That these new duties as essentially grew out of our Constitution as other duties in a state of Peace. Thus numerous acts in war became seditious or treasonable and subversive of military success and a restoration of peace. He explained War and Treason against the Government. The delivery occupied nearly two hours. He travelled over the whole range of our present relations.

We are glad a unanimous request, in concurrence with that at New Castle, was made by the audience, that the lecture be published. Of course it is unnecessary to observe that the subject was treated in no partizan character, but dispassionately, and free from all political reflections—but was an earnest, severe and patriotic denunciation of treason and traitors.

We have heard many of our citizens speak of requesting Judge Agnew to repeat his lecture at this place.—We trust he will consent to do so and such notice given that persons residing in the county may be enabled to attend.

Remarks of Wm. Henry, Esq., of Beaver, and MR. vincent, ESQUIRE, of Erie, on the Change of Venue.

We publish on our first page the remarks of our representative Mr. Henry, on the bill to change the Venue in the ridiculously celebrated Barker case. His speech is published because it is due to the cause of truth and justice that the state of facts contained in it, (which are true in all the material and essential facts referred to,) should be placed before the people of this county; and because it is proper and necessary that he should be placed correctly before his constituents in this county on this subject, some of whom we are aware have, by reason of an unintentional misprint in the Pittsburg, *Gazette*, of what he said on the bill, being impressed with the belief, or at least apprehension, that Mr. Henry had transferred himself to the wrong side of the question.

We are gratified, on reading his remarks on the Bill, to find that he has given a succinct and connected statement of all the main and material facts in the Sheets case, as well as in the Sheets-Barker case. It is therefore desired and hoped that our readers will carefully examine and consider Mr. Henry's remarks, and then decide what ground there could possibly be in reason and truth to saddle the taxpayers of Beaver county with the extraordinary expense of a trial of the Barker case in the county of Washington.

No one, except the *cowardly* "copperhead" editor of the *Star*, and his equally *skulking cowardly* and *lying* correspondent, who dares not give his true name, or a few others of a like "copperhead" complexion, would attempt to justify or excuse the outrage perpetrated on the people of Beaver county by the change of Venue in the Barker case.

After Mr. Henry closed his remarks, a fellow by the name of *john p. vincent* of Erie, who is said to occupy a low seat in the House of Representatives, and who is an unquestionable accredited small potato, launched out, at the bidding of his master, *Morrow B. Lowry*, in a tirade of billingsgate against Beaver county generally. He is said to be Lowry's man "*Friday*," and by his allegiance and fealty to his master of the "*white cravat and ruffled shirt*," is found to do whatsoever his superior orders, and to play echo whenever commanded.

This *automaton* is reported to have said, amongst a good deal of other lies and silly nonsense, that this woman whose family stands fair, and is also criminals, contriving at the escape of a man, they did not know, to whom they never had spoken!!! The servant girl (vincent is the only one of the venue men willing to take under his wing the "*skullered gal*,") is also included in the indictment; and the mother of this family is prevented from having a single witness who can testify as to the circumstances under which the murderer found refuge on her premises. And all the testimony that might show her entire innocence is thus tied up." Now, sir I (big Judge this) cannot consent that either a *court* or a *community* in which prisoners accused of a crime so flagrant as this, are thus *deprived* of any opportunity to show their innocence, shall have the privilege of trying them, if we can find another county in which they can have an impartial trial." "A private prosecutor, eminent in his profession, following these persons with the stealthy tread and untiring zeal of a scent-hound, has all the members of that family included in this indictment."

"Now, sir a community that will *tolerate* such a proceeding on the part of the District Attorney, is under undue excitement; and it is not safe, it is not consistent with the interests of justice that a trial involving so much to the defendants should be had in that county!!!"

Such are a few "specimen bricks" taken from the reported speech of *john p. vincent* ESQUIRE, of Erie, in the House of Representatives. This small "*thingumdery*" of Lowry, is said to be a mere specimen of an Erie lawyer. That his legal caliber is small, requires no other proof than the extracts given above from his speech. He complains that all the offenders or persons accused are embraced in the indictment! How would he have the proceedings arranged, if left to his own verdant mind to direct? When *five* are charged with jointly committing the offence, would this *tyro* get up five separate indictment, or would he have four, three, two or one? He pretends to be able to quote from *Purdon's Digest* in one part of his speech as to the change of Venue in Canal and Railroad cases, we would therefore ask if he is so lamentably ignorant as a *lawyer* as not to know as early as the 28th of March, 1805, it was enacted that "In all cases where two or more persons have committed an indictable offence, the *name* of *all* concerned (if a prosecution shall be commenced) *shall* be contained in the Bill of indictment?" We suppose, of course he does not, or else he would not complain of the law being complied with in the Barker case. Nor would he exibit such gross stupidity as he does in saying that such an indictment should not be *tolerated* in Beaver county! He also speaks malignantly of "a private prosecutor eminent in his profession, following these persons with the stealthy tread and untiring zeal of a scent-hound." To this we would say that the charge against the person alluded to is a base and wantor lie. We say this of our own accord and with our own knowledge of the facts. The person embraced in the charge would not notice the *whelp* who utters the lie nor could he consent to spit on so dirty an object.

This fellow *vincent* being the mere dirt-eater (to use the language of the Richmond *Examiner* in relation to the "copperhead" mongrel peace-makers of the North) of Lowry, or the fellow that plays "*Friday*," and eats Lowry's dirt, would not rise in the scale of doghood to the grade of a hound, which has some caste and individuality, but he would be always found in the ranks of mongrel curs or *demoralized* spaniels ready for any duty or servile employment which might be assigned him by his master.

He says that the indictment is so bad, that the court of Beaver county must not try it! Now, does this spaniel of Lowry suppose that the court of Washington county can change the indictment, or release without trial, any of the prisoners named therein? It would be useless, however, to notice him further;—his weakness and blind folly have carried him beyond his capacity, and he may be profitably reminded that

"Vessels large may venture more,
But *vincent's* small must keep near shore."

Thomas Nicholson, Esq.

We are pleased to see this gentleman so highly recommended by several of the eastern papers for the appointment of Superintendent of Common Schools in this State. Mr. Nicholson is a citizen of our county, a ripe scholar, first-class business man, and a practical teacher. His early life was devoted to the cause of education, and by strict attention to his profession he succeeded in establishing a lasting reputation as an educator, both in the common and higher branches. The citizens of Beaver county know him not only in the capacity of Teacher, Auditor, Legislator, County Superintendent, &c., but as a man who has served them faithfully and satisfactorily, but they know and appreciate him as a true, warm-hearted friend, gentlemanly and obliging. All who have had occasion to transact business at the State Capital, found him in discharge of duty in an important position in the Treasury Department, which he has for several years filled with marked ability. The term of Thos. H. Burrowes, present incumbent, expires on the first of May next; and although he may have performed his duties creditably, yet not being of the household of faith, surely the "powers that be" will not continue him. His Excellency, Gov. Curtin, in the appointment of Thos. Nicholson, Esq., to this important office, would not only merit the warmest approbation of his numerous friends in the western part of the State, but greatly enhance the interests of the system, which is the pride and glory of Pennsylvania.

LAMPS WITHOUT CHIMNEYS. — We call attention to the "*Little Monitor*," a *Patent Carbon Oil Burner*. It is an important invention for Coal or Carbon Oil. The characteristics claimed for it are: 1. It gives three times the light of any other round tube wick lamp: 2. It will bear carrying round the house, up stairs and down in the most rapid manner: 3. There are no chimneys broken, as now are used: 4. It is all right, and no family will be long without one For sale at the Drug Store in Bridgewater.

☞ The resignation of Capt. M. R. Adams, of Co. F, 10th Pa. Reserves, which was tendered on account of a wound received in the breast, which disabled him, we learn has been accepted. Jos. M Reed of this place is now the Captain of that Company.

WASHINGTON, Feb 28.—The President has occupied what is known as the President's room, at the capitol, to-day, to facilitate public business.

The resolutions reported by Mr. Sumner, from the Committee on Foreign Relations and concurred in even by Messrs. Henderson, Davis and Hicks, its border State members, assert that the Government is engaged in suppressing the rebellion, and the only effect of mediation, arbitration or interference, would be to prolong and intensify the struggle, and add to its horrors. All tendencies to foreign intervention are protested against, and foreign Governments and people called upon to note the struggle as a contest between freedom and slavery.

Vocal and Instrumental Concert at Freedom.

EDITOR ARGUS:—Mr. C. Boggs, Principal of the Public Schools in Freedom, whose administrative talent has won for him a high reputation, and enabled him to conduct the schools under his care to a state of prosperity, second to none in the county, if not superior to all, projected and successfully completed a Concert for the benefit of these schools, the exercises of which took place in the Methodist Episcopal Church, in Freedom, on Monday evening Feb. 23d, 1863. It was supposed a hundred persons went away from the house, who were not able to gain admission by reason of the crowd. The price of tickets ranged from 10 to 15 cents, and the whole receipts amounted to some sixty dollars.

The whole affair was spirited and brilliant, and, in every sense, a complete success. The performers were residents of Freedom, with one exception and are deserving of high praise for the excellent manner in which they conducted their *debut*.

The Band—Messrs. C. Haller, W. A. Smith, J. Bentel, and Miss M. Bentel—gave eight spirited performances, eliciting animated applause from the audience. There was six instrumental pieces of piano music, gracefully and effectively conducted, by Misses Furnier, Bentel and Robinson. The company sung "Sound our voices long and sweet:" it was *sweetly* done, and the applause which ensued, attested the fact that it was not too *long*. "Unfurl the Glorious Banner," was sung by part of company with thrilling effect. This was followed by an address, on Washington, by the writer of this notice, at the close of which the Band struck up our national air with soul stirring power, fanning into a flame every spark of patriotism in the audience. Then followed "My Native Land," by part of company, finely sung, "Ellsworth's Requiem," by Mr. Smith, sounded the "muffled drum," till still more saddened was our recollection of the hero. "Bird of Beauty," sung by Miss Kerr, with piano music by Miss Furnier, caroled its soft strains like the music of songsters in groves. "Kingdom Coming," was merrily sung by part of Company, amid the greetings of smiles, and was followed by a little "Jubelo" of applause. The company sung "Happy are we to-night," which was a good expression of a real fact. "I'll roam the Dewy Bowers," sung by Miss Kerr with piano music by Miss Bentel, fell in glittering dew-drops. The company waved over us "The Star Spangled Banner," with patriotic animation, inspiring, with a good execution of an old song, new love for our dear old flag; when a spirited "Good Night" was pronounced to the delighted audience

It is enough to add, as an expression of the minds of the hearers, that a unanimous vote was given in favor of having the Concert repeated on the following evening. This was done with equal satisfaction to all.

We close this notice with a few remarks in relation to the best in Beaver county, at least, as to discipline. 2. Mr. Boggs has much to do with this success, in which he has had excellent aid from Misses Robinson and Porterfield. 3. The interest taken in the schools by the people has tended to the same result. 4. The patronage of the Concert, by the citizens, evinces a just appreciation of popular education and musical talent

J. A. SWANEY.

CAMP NEAR FALMOUTH, VA., }
Feb. 14th, 1863. }

Mr. & Mrs. Thos. Walton: Dear Friends—It is with sorrow and regret that I sit down to address a few lines to you that will bear the information of the death of your son Howell. He died about an hour ago, with the camp fever. He had only been sick since Sunday last. He was out on picket, and came in on Sunday morning. The morning was very close, and our load of blankets made us quite warm, thus being overheated he lay down to rest in his damp shanty, and not being very well all along, this gave him a back-set. I saw him on Monday, but he was not, apparently, dangerous.—This was the last account I had of him until this morning, when I was informed that his spirit had taken its departure from this world of trials and sorrow. He has gone the way of many other true patriots, whose spirits have flown in sacrifice of their country. He has been a faithful soldier to the cause in which he enlisted, and has been partial against all kinds of vice and folly which is much in practice amongst the soldiering class. Although often in the midst of temptations, I must say, since he has been out, his ways have been remarkable for his quietness and morality. I hope now that as his pain is all over that he is enjoying a quiet rest in the arms of his Savior, who stands ready to welcome weary spirits to repose. * * * *

You may rest assured that his remains will be cared for, and with patriotic honor placed within the quiet tomb. There have been others died out of our regiment, some having been removed by their friends. We know it as some satisfaction to have the remains of our friends where we can look on the spot of their interment, although it is immaterial to spirit departed. * * *

JOHN HENDERSON.

NEW YORK, Feb. 28.—The *Times'* Washington correspondent states there is little or no hope of the passage of the Missouri Emancipation bill this session. Mr. Noel, its greatest friend, is sick. It being impossible to pass it against the determined opposition of the Democrats, who threaten to fillibuster to prevent its passage. All the Missouri members except Mr. Noel, signed the petition for the removal of Gen. Curtis from the command of Missouri, and to put Gen. Schofield in his place.

Harrisburg Correspondence.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 27, 1863.

MR. EDITOR:—The Legislature met on Monday night, both Houses in convention, to hear the Farewell Address of the Father of his Country read.—How many of the members could listen, without blushing, is hard to tell. Nothing could be more at variance with the conduct of many in that convention than the admonitions of that address.

A very stormy session occurred in the House after the address was read. A Bill had passed the House a few days previous relative to the Pennsylvania R. R. Co. Mr. Hopkins said there was a snake in the Bill. He should be a judge.

The balance of the session was spent in trying to reconsider the said Bill. I think it should have been done as a matter of course, as almost every thing done this session in the House so far, has had to be either done over, supplemental, explained or touched up anew.

Tuesday was private Bill day. A large number of Bills were passed.—Many or these will be defeated in the Senate. Many will not be reached.—Others will be repealed next year. Such is Legislation in Pennsylvania.

A commissioner was appointed by the Governor in pursuance of law, to revise the Revenue Laws. Their report and Bill has been before the committee of Ways and Means since the beginning of the session. It came out in the House a few days since that the Bill had not ever been read by the committee.

Many Banks ask re-charter. To use a common phrase they will have a "hard road to travel." Rumor has it very currently that they may all be re-chartered, and that they may not be re-chartered. All depends on the good behavior of those in charge of the respective Bills.

There are signs of backing down on the part of Northern traitors in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Maryland and New York. Perhaps our men of that stripe may learn ere it is too late. We shall see. A. B. C

FT. WOOD, N. Y. HARBOR. }
February 4th, 1863. }

My Friend:—It is with humility and sorrow that I seat myself to pen these few lines. Surely the night of our country's sorrow has been dark and gloomy. Treason has stalked unblushingly through the land; naval and military officers, nourished and educated by the nation, have gone over to the enemy, and thrown their talents and influence in favor of an entirely causeless and hence atrocious rebellion; ambitious traitors have succeeded in winning many from their allegiance, and plunging the country in the horrid vortex of civil war.—This is sorrowful, and it has been a period of almost cimmerian gloom.—Fancy through the darkness, and hope revived has planted her wings in the faith that day was breaking; but it was momentary, and a deeper gloom has settled down upon us like an incubus. At times methinks the thick clouds are beginning slowly and sullenly to break away, and once again the beauteous beams of the bright and morning star of hope and peace illumine our rough and fearful pathway. All this is sorrowful; but the finer feelings of the heart is not touched until the intelligence has reached us of the death of a near friend. How I was shocked when the sad intelligence reached me that Atchison was no more to be met on earth. And what tribute shall we render to the memory of the fallen faithful brave. He left everything at his country's call.

Truble not yourselves by weeping, for he has bid adieu to earth with all its joys and sorrows; and oh! we trust he is happy in the enjoyments of those blissful visions which shed the glory over a brighter world in the hour of dissolution; that in casting off the veil of mortality he has put on the veil of immortality and his soul has passed from earth to heavent Let us then take consolation from the words of our Maker, whose ways are mysterious. Says scripture: "Many are the afflictions of the righteous; but the Lord delivereth him out of them."—"In the day of my troubles I will call upon thee; for thou wilt answer me." "Call upon me in the day of trouble; I will deliver thee, and thou shalt glorify me." I need not add more than

He hath been mourned as brave men mourn
the brave,
And wept as nations weep their cherished dead,
With bitter, but with proud tears, and o'er
his head
The eternal flowers whose root is in the grave,
The flowers of Fame are beautiful and green,
And by his grave's side pilgrim feet will be,
And blessings, pure as men to martyrs give,
Have there been breathed by those he died
to save.
Pride of his country!
His fame their hope, his name their battle-cry.
He lived as mothers wish their sons to live,
He died as fathers wish their sons to die.
If on the grief-worn cheek the hues of bliss
Which fade when all we love is in the tomb,
Could ever know on earth a second bloom,
The memory of a gallant death like his
Would call them into being; but the few
Who as their friend, their brother or their son,
His kind warm heart and gentle spirit knew,
Had lived, hoped and fear'd for him alone;
His voice their morning music, and his eye
The only starlight of their evening sky,
Till oven the sun of happiness seemed dim,
And life's best joys were sorrows but with him.
And when the burning bullet him of life bereft,
He dropped like summer fruit from off the
bough,
There was one heart that knew and loved him
best,—
It was a mother's heart—oh! may it not be
broken now.

JERRY R. IMBRIE.

To Mrs. John Davidson

☞ The following is a letter written to the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee of Butler County, to which we call the attention of our readers We think it equally applicable to our County.

[From the Butler American.]

To J. G Campbell, Esq., Chairman of the Democratic County Committee.

MY DEAR SIR:—I desire to address you a brief note in the spirit of kindness, on a subject in which you are involved and for the consequences of which you will be held to a stern accountability.

When the first news of rebellion thrilled our people, I took the side of Government against the leaders of the rebellion, and cheerfully sent my sons to battle for what I thought a holy cause. You, too, sir, sustained the government, and for a time took an active part in many of the meetings called to raise volunteers. You, sir, then advocated the cause of our country, and declared that before the great question of national safety and honor, political questions shrank into nothingness. So far you were right and if actuated by patriotism, I respect you for it. Our sons, true to their country, obeyed her voice and flew to arms. Nobly did they perform their duty on many a bloody field, some fell in battle, some died of disease, some languish in filthy prisons, and some are still at their posts, ready to sustain the cause they count worthy their labor, their suffering and their life. They, sir, feel a devotion to the cause which neither you nor I can, and this devotion they have written in blood, and are even now ready to seal it with their lives. They went forth from home and its charms with your approval, and the kind wishes of every loyal man, and if they have one cheering reflection, amid danger, disease and death it is that the cause is just, and their sacrifices appreciated by friends at home. Why, can't our prayers still be given for their safety and victory to our arms? Why can we not, still let politics stand back while we encourage our friends suffering to sustain the Government, which protects you and me, and which wicked treason is seeking to overthrow? Why, sir, can we not meet as brethern, and as our neighbors are brought home to be burried amid the scenes of their youth, bend over their graves and say to the weeping father, "Your son died in a holy cause, and sympathizing friends mourn for the fallen brave." As a father bound to my country by solemn connections of duty, and to the army by ties that cause my heart to throb over every gun that booms and every man that falls, I pray that peace and unity may prevail at home. As a father, in the name of my dear sons and living children, I warn you that if the present effort for political organization and agitation sanctioned by you as Chairman, shall stir up the deep fountains of treason and fanaticism in our midst while blood stains blood, and upon our hearts the sections of an injured people.

As Chairman of that committee, and as the recognized leader of your party, you are sending your adventurers all over the county who denounce the war as unjust, and those who are fighting your battles as thieves and robbers. You are steadily endeavoring to discourage and deform our brave sons in the field and thereby insult and incense their relatives at home. You are organizing political meetings at an unusual season, and when the fate of our country is trembling in the balance from the assaults of those traitors with whom your minions are in sympathy. You are sowing the seeds of bitter animosity in peaceful communities which may yet bring forth a red harvest of hatred, jealousy and Blood. You are seeking to array father against son and son against father, and to carry into the home of peace and innocence rancor of party spirit, intensified a thousand fold by the holiness of that cause this spirit would destroy. You are spreading and encouraging dissensions and diversions among a people struggling for national existence at a time, too, when we should as one man stand by our country and scorn as a traitor every man who seeks to weaken us by divisions and strife.—The miserable tools you employ in this unholy and degrading work will not be held accountable for the disasters your conduct may cause; they are but the blind and idiotic creatures of your will, doing your bidding, and flattered if thereby they secure your smiles of approbation. Your fancied sincerity and concealment behind the screen will not shield you from public indignation when a frantic populace demand the author of this misery. God grant that such a time may never, never dawn, but it it should know this that you more than any other man will be the guilty cause.—The voice of Rachel weeping for her children has been echoing through our land and is now swelling deeper and louder; *beware*, sir, lest her voice of sorrow be changed into fearful execrations which will fill your soul with shame and remorse.

I have written you as a friend, trembling for the fate of my country, and weeping the fall of my sons. I will not dictate what you should do; I only am anxious that this foul rebellion may be forever crushed, our sons and friends restored to our open arms and aching hearts, and that smiling PEACE like an angel of mercy, shall spread her white wings over our beloved land, and you and I will live to see prosperity and harmony cement us in the bonds of love and friendship. Yours truly,

A FATHER.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Mayor Opdyke to-day vetoed the resolutions of the Common Council, tendering the late Gen. Fitz John Porter a public reception.

Gen. Negley and the Copperheads.

Brigadier General James S. Negley, a Pittsburger of who we all feel proud, since he has proved himself a gallant commander and a fearless patriot, has written a lengthy letter to a friend in Butler county, in which he expresses his sentiments freely in reference to the craven conduct of those copperhead Democrats who are calling peace meetings, and advocating a cessation of hostilities. We append a few extracts:

CAMP AT MURFREESBORO TENN., }
February, 15, 1863. }

Dear Sir:—If I ever felt a flush of shame and anger against citizens of my native State, it was when I learned of this shameless party strife arising to secure cessation of hostilities, an offer of the olive branch of peace to the traitors who have insulted our national traditions, trampled upon the graves of our revolutionary fathers, sacked our public treasury and armories, robbed commerce of its lanes, violated the sacred pledges of representatives, hurled brands of discord into our councils, let loose the blue waters of strife in our social circles and prostituting every manly and womanly sentiment to the hellish purpose of destroying our Government. Have they not maltreated our wounded, robbed our prisoners and outraged the dead? Have they not broken every compact for the amelioration of the horrors of war? Have they not exiled thousands from their own hearthsides to perish or to live like wild beasts in the mountains? Who will dare to deny that they have not committed all these barbarities?

Yet in view of all these facts, execrable, shameless demagogues, unfurl traitors at home, seek to place the government into an unholy alliance with those perfidious people—Why should there be any effort made to shield the Southern traitors from suffering the full penalty of their crimes? Do they not deserve it? Is it not the legitimate fruits of secession and rebellion? Let us prosper, prosperity, no safety there, in their hands, until they lay down their arms and acknowledge the government they are endeavoring to destroy. If war in terrible earnest cannot conquer a peace, what can? By the resources of a nation, and the determined energy and bravery of great armies, struggling for their birthright can success be accomplished, and that will be done by disbanding ourselves, humbly craving their submission, and appealing to them to restore the government.

No, no, we will never be compelled with the flat of majority and treat for secession with a hand on the throat. No, let it be spoken in the councils of the land, and taught in the lessons of our youth, that the honor and integrity of our Union must and shall be preserved, and that the penalty of treason is death.

Yours &c.,

JAMES S. NEGLEY, Brig. Gen.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The following dispatch has been received by the Navy Department:

U. S. Ship Spaulding, Feb. 28 *Memphis* March 1—To Hon. Gideon Welles Secretary of the Navy. I regret to inform you that the Indianola has also fallen into the hands of the enemy. The rams Webb and Queen of the West attacked her twenty-five miles from here and rammed her until she surrendered, all of which can be traced to a non compliance with my instructions. I do not know particulars. D. D. PORTER.

NEW YORK, March 2. The Herald's special Washington dispatch says: It is admitted that at the close of the session, Congress will witness a decided change in the policy of the government. The President has yielded to the advice of Secretary Seward and Thurlow Weed to initiate conservatism, and thus pulverize the conscription in some particulars. Measures to carry this into effect are, A change in the cabinet that will give Seward and his policy a majority of members. Chase to be retained, to it he retires, Robert J. Walker to take his place. Second—The restoration of Gen. McClellan to command. Third—Some concession to the negro prejudices of the Northern troops, and the blacks in the army will be kept in subordinate positions. Fourth—Moderate Republicans and Democrats are to have the confidence and direction under the Administration.—Fifth—No more arbitrary arrests except in very flagrant cases.

The first Penn'a Reserves refused to do duty on picket yesterday over in Virginia, on the ground that they have been in service since May or June last, have participated in most of the hard fought battles in Virginia, and are so reduced that no one regiment will number 250 men, but while their requests to go home and recruit have been disregarded, the Second New Hampshire regiment, containing about the same number, has been permitted to go home.

BALTIMORE, March 1.—*Fortress Monroe Feb.* 28—The British frigate Petrel arrived in Hampton Roads last night from Charleston. They report that the rebels have strung net work across the channel to the entrance to Charleston harbor, and that the net work is filled with torpedoes, designed to blow up any of the federal fleet that may attempt to enter the harbor.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 1.—In the U. S. District Court, yesterday, four persons, charged with resisting military authorities in arresting deserters, *were convicted of treason.*

The minority of the Legislature are still absent, and unless a compromise is effected with the majority, there will be no further legislation the present session.

Agricultural Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Beaver County Agricultural Society was held at the Court House, on Monday, Feb. 2, 1863, J. C. Wilson, Pres't. in the Chair. On motion, W. S. Barclay was appointed Sec'y. The object of the meeting being to elect officers for the ensuing year. Messrs. J. W. Hum and W. S. Barclay were appointed tellers to hold said election. The following was the result:

President—And'w Carothers, Brighton tp.

Vice President—A. B. Wolf, Brighton tp., J. J. Hazen, Wm. Shrodes, Moon tp.

Cor. Sec'y—J. S. Rutan, Boro. tp.

Rec. Sec.—A. G. M'Creary, Boro. tp.

Treasurer—M. Weyand, Boro. tp.

Managers—South Side—John Stewart, James Brittain, Robert Potter, John K. Potter, Wm. Burns.

East Side—Hugh Maguire, John Baxter, John H. Wilson, Henry Goehring, Daniel Campton.

West Side—J. W. Thornley, Cornelius Donegan, Robert Bradshaw, Wm. C. Hunter, John Wilson, Industry tp.

On motion, adjourned to meet at the call of the President.

J. C. WILSON. Pres't.

W. S. BARCLAY. Sec'y, *pro-tem.*

WHEELING, March 1.—The correspondence of the Wheeling *Intelligencer* from Winchester, dated 26th, gives the following particulars of the late disgraceful affair between a party of our troops and the enemy. On the 25th, a rebel cavalry scout, eighty strong, came inside our pickets on the Strasburg road. After a skirmish with the infantry picket, in which two were wounded on each side, the enemy retired, capturing the cavalry picket of twelve men. Five hundred of the 12th Pennsylvania and 1st New York Cavalry were sent in pursuit, and re captured beyond Strasburg, most of the prisoners and horses, and also took a number of prisoners. The commander of our detachment transcended his orders, and pursued beyond Woodstock, and after arriving in the rebel pickets, stood parleying in the road, without guard, against surprise. The enemy rallied in force charged upon and threw them into confusion, killing and capturing two hundred in the space of twenty miles. Our men made no stand, through outnumbering the enemy.

NEW YORK, March 1—The *Mercury* has a special dispatch from Cairo, of yesterday's date, containing the following items: Cairo is full of start-lers. It is said that on the Vicksburg cut off was completed, the dredging machines having been at work for several days. It is asserted that the gunboats have all got through, and the transports are to follow, after the rebel batteries at Warrenton are reduced. A large force is to be sent against Vicksburg. It is also stated that the small gunboats have reached Yazoo river, via Union Lake, and are doing mischief in the rear of Vicksburg. It is also reported that the rebels have got into Red river via Bayou Providence.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The President has, by proclamation, called an extraordinary session of the Senate to meet at noon on the 4th of March to act upon such communications as may be made to it on the part of the Executive. These mainly, if not altogether, will include military and civil nominations. Official information has been given of decree of the Mexican Government, that steamers, under a foreign flag, may enjoy in Peru all the privileges of national steamers, and marine, remaining subject to the laws and regulations of the Custom House.

MARRIED—On the 26th ult., by Rev. John Brown of Freedom, JOHN R. HENDERSON, to Miss ANNA MARIA, all of Beaver co.

On the 15th ult., by Rev. A. W. Loy, Mr. JAMES MORRIS, of Bridgewater, to Miss CYNTHIA DUNLAP, of Chippewa tp., Beaver Co., Pa.

DIED—On the 13th of Feb., 1863, Mr. SAMUEL BAXTER, of Pulaski tp., Lawrence county, aged 67 years.

Orphan's Court Sale.

PURSUANT to an order of the Orphan's Court of Beaver county, will be exposed to public vendue or out-cry, at the COURT HOUSE in the Borough of Beaver on *Monday, March 30th, 1863*, at 1 o'clock P. M., all the following described real estate of John R. Shannon, late of the Borough of Beaver, county of Beaver, dec'd, to wit: situate in said county of Beaver, Nos. 6, 7, 9, and designated in the plot or plan according to the inquisition and partition of said real estate in the Orphan's Court of the county of Beaver, at No. 12 of June Term, 1862, to wit:

No. 1. The western half of lot No. 79 in the plan of lots of the borough of Beaver, with a house thereon erected, bounded on the north by Second street, east by lot of Wm. B. Clarke, south by —— alley, and west by public square, being that on which is erected one large two story brick dwelling house, being about —— feet north on Third street by about —— feet in depth on the public square, having —— rooms and two halls on the first floor, and —— on the second floor, cellars underneath, —— frame stable, and a good cistern —— &c.

No. 2. The north-west part of in lot No. —— in the plan of the borough of Beaver —— feet, bounded on the north by —— Wm. Anderson's heirs, east by lot No. —— south by lot of Capt. C. May, and west by —— street; enclosed, and on which are —— one log dwelling house and frame —— &c.

No. 3. Lot No. 2 in the borough of Bridgewater, bounded north by Bridge —— street, easterly Market street south by —— west by lot of J. W. Hemphill's heirs, —— is erected one large double frame —— dwelling house, two stories high, also frame —— &c.

The above embracing all the unaccepted —— of the real estate of said John R. —— dec'd.

TERMS—One third of the purchase money —— said on confirmation of the sale by the —— and the balance in two equal annual —— ments from that date, with interest —— at the same time, the deferred in- —— to be secured by bond and mort- ——

For further information inquire of the undersigned.

JOHN ALLISON,
GEO. W. HAMILTON,
Admr's of John R. Shannon, dec'd.

mar4'63.

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing, Monday, Nov. 17, 1862.—Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:

7:61 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:20 A. M.
2:88 .. M.	" "	4:10 P. M.
7:20 P. M.	" "	8:45 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:40 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	8:10 A. M.
1:40 P. M.	Rochester,	3:00 P. M.
3:00 P. M.	" "	4:30 P. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*

F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing on and after Sunday, Jan. 4 '63. Trains leave Rochester Station as follows:

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	6:55 A. M.	8:40 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	12:45 P. M.	2:50 P. M.
Mail,	2:15 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
1st Express,	3:40 A. M.	5:00 A. M.
2d Express,	10:00 P. M.	11:00 P. M.

GOING WEST—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	9:30 A. M.	11:23 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	4:26 P. M.	6:05 P. M.
Mail,	8:00 A. M.	9:28 A. M.
1st Express,	1:50 A. M.	3:03 A. M.
2d Express,	1:40 P. M.	2:55 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 14th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c.,.....$33 00
Tuition varies from $3,50 to $5,00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

mar1'63 R. T. TAYLOR.

For Sale at the Beaver Drug Store,

MARTIN'S COAL OIL BURNERS—THE "LITTLE MONITOR"—to burn oil without chimneys; a splendid affair. Also Carbon Oil Lanterns without chimneys.

For sale at Drug Store of C. P. Cummins—Gun Powder, Young Hyson and Black Teas, all good; Coffee, Ext. Coffee, Dandelion Coffee, Gold pens, Spectacles, Golden Syrup for table use, a prime thing; a cheap article of Syrup, very good; vinegar, hominy, hand scrubbing brushes and salt.

Zant currants and Raisons for sale at C. P. Cummins' Drug Store.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of JOHN GESSACIUS, late of Hanover township, Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JOHN WILSON, Independence tp.,
mar4'63 Administrator.

Register's Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian Accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th day of March, 1863, for confirmation and allowance:

The final account of James Nelson, Adm'r of the estate of Alex. Nelson, dec'd.

The account of David Anderson, Adm'r *cum testamento annexo* of the estate of Alex. Gibb, dec'd.

The account of Andrew Carothers, Adm'r of the estate of Alfred Walton, dec'd.

The partial account of James Smith and Mary Ann Tucker, Executors of the last will of Sam'l Tucker, dec'd.

The accounts (Real and Personal) of Wm. Henry, Executor of the last Will of John Sutherland, dec'd.

The partial account of John J. Carothers, Administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of James Carothers, dec'd.

The final account of Isaac Eaton, surviving Executor of the last will of Matthias Hook, dec'd., and Thos. Nicholson, Administrator of Andrew M'Clure, dec'd., who was one of the Executors of the last will of said Matthias Hook, dec'd.

The first and final accounts (Real and Personal) of Benoni, Anderson, Adm'r. Executor of estate of John Anderson, dec'd.

The second partial account of James De Fombel, Administrator of estate of Lucien Fombel, dec'd.

The Guardian accounts of William A. Thomson Administrator, of Peter Engle, dec'd., who was Guardian of Wm. Geo. Marks, minor son of James Marks, and John Sharp Sweezey minor son of Mary Sweezey, dec'd.

The Guardian account of Marmaduke Wilson, Guardian of Frances Campbell, minor daughter of Alexander Campbell, dec'd.

A. R. MOORE,
Beaver, Jan. 28, 1863. Register.

BEAVER FEMALE SEMINARY.

Board of Directors—Rev D. H. A. M'Lean, D.D.
Rev. D. A. Cunningham.
Rev. C. P. Cummins, M. D.

THIS Seminary, having been bought by S. B. Mercer, is being thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished, and will be opened for the reception of Pupils, on

Monday, the 20th of April, '63.

A full corps of Teachers is being selected, who will be present at the opening of the term.

Rates, per Term of Fourteen weeks:

Board and room, furnished.....$38 00
To those furnishing a pair of sheets, pillow-slips, a blanket, and their own towels.....$36 00
Light and Fuel extra. Washing 32 cents per dozen.
Tuition.....from $1 00, to $7 00
Latin, French and German, each.....$5 00
Music and all branches of Drawing and Painting will be taught at the usual prices.—

☞ For further information address any one of the Directors, or

S. B. MERCER,
feb25 Superintendent.

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, PROPRIETOR

IN addition to the conveniences of a first class Hotel, the Proprietor has fitted up in his house, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season, in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE TRUSTEES OF BEAVER ACADEMY desiring to transfer the Male Department of that Institution to another and a less extensive building, offer for sale the property now known as the BEAVER ACADEMY, situate on the corner of third street and the Public Square, in the borough of Beaver.—The lot is of good size. The improvements are a large three story brick building, with frame attached, and was originally built for a Hotel. It contains upwards of 30 rooms; cellar underneath the whole building. This property, from its location and the character and arrangement of the buildings, is well calculated for a good hotel, and will be sold at a reasonable price and on reasonable terms.

☞ For further information and terms, apply to Rev. D. A. Cunningham, Bridgewater, the undersigned, or any member of the Board of Trustees. By order of the Board.

Beaver, Feb 24, '62. H. HICE, Sec'y.

Quarterly Statement

OF THE BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY, NEW BRIGHTON, Feb. 4, 1863.

RESOURCES.

Bills and Notes discounted, active	$54,065 12	
Same under protest	100 00	
Loan to Commonwealth	5,000	
Due from other Banks	18,962 11	
Notes and Checks of other Banks and Treasury Notes	43,350 32	
Coin in Vault	9,091 58	
Furniture and Office Fixtures	1,958 95	
Protest account	1 41	
Current Expenses	558.49	
Total		$133,022 99

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	$75,225 00	
Notes in Circulation	2,480	
Due Depositors	53,067 11	
Profits and Earnings	1,720 13	
Dividends unpaid	530.75	
Total		$133,022 99

BEAVER COUNTY ss: Before me, a notary public, in and for said County, came Edward Hoops, Cashier of the Bank of Beaver County, who being duly affirmed according to law, deposeth that the above statement is correct and true, according to the best of his knowledge and belief. EDWARD HOOPS.

Affirmed and subscribed before me this 4th day of Feb. 1863. J. CUTHBERTSON, N. P.

NOTICE TO BUILDERS.

THE PLAN AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR a DWELLING HOUSE may be seen at the Beaver Seminary and Institute, for the building of which, or any part of it, bids are solicited up to the 5th of Mar. The right reserved to reject any and all bids.

Beaver Sem. & Institute, } R. T. TAYLOR.
Feb. 16, 1863.

H. B. ANDERSON,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

THE LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Styles of DRESS GOODS kept constantly on hands and for sale, for

CASH OR PRODUCE.

Beaver, January 14th, 1863.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY

In the matter of the application for a Charter of incorporation of the "Oak Grove Cemetery," near the borough of Freedom, Beaver County, Penna.

And now to wit, Jan. 24, 1863, the Court having perused the instrument presented, and finding it proper, and not objectionable in any respect, order notice of the same to be given according to law, and fix the first day of the next Term, for the hearing of exceptions to the same, if any.

M. WEYAND, Pro.

Feb. 4th, 1863.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY:

In the matter of the exceptions to the account of Edward Hoops, Assignee of Thomas [illegible]

And now, 13th Jan. 20th, 1863, on motion the Court appoint James S. Ruran, Esq., an Auditor. (Extract from the Record.)

Attest: M. WEYAND, Pro.

The Auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment at the Clerk's office, in Beaver, on FRIDAY, February 27th, 1863, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at which time parties interested will attend. (fe4) J. S. RUTAN, Aud'r.

PITTS. FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R. CO.
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 27th, '63.

THE annual meeting of the Stock and Bondholders of this Company for the election of Directors and such other business as may come before will be held at the office of said Company in the city of Pittsburg on Fourth Wednesday of February, A. D. 1863.

The Stock and Bond Transfer Books of the Company, at their Office in the City of Pittsburg and at their transfer Agency in the City of New York, will be closed on the 10th day of February and remain closed until the 26th of February thereafter. W. H. BARNES,
feb11 Secretary.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of GEO. A. HUNTER, late of Ohio Township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ANDREW WATTERSON, Brighton tp.
feb11'63. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of REBECCA JANE M'KNIGHT, late of Darlington, township, Beaver County, Penn'a, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

J. & P. MARTIN, Darlington tp.
feb11 Administrator.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of SAMUEL BAXTER, late of Pulaski township, Beaver County, Penn'a dec'd having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

EDMUND LOOTS, North Sewickly tp,
SAMUEL BOODS, "
Feb28'62 Executors.

Important to Tax Payers.

NOTICE, is hereby given to Collectors of Taxes to payoff the balances due on the respective Duplicates on or before March term of Court 1863. The taxes are needed and must be collected in order to meet the demands upon the County.

G. C. BRADSHAW,
feb18'63. Treasurer.

Wanted Immediately,

FOX, MINK, RACCOON, SKUNK, and MUSKRAT SKINS; for which the highest prices, in Cash, will be paid at the Cheap Clothing Store of I. N. ATKINS, Beaver—sign of the Big Hat. dec17

Kerr's Hotel,

Third Street, Beaver, Penn'a,

& KERR, Proprietor.

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

THE following Appraisements, under the Act of April 14, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by widows and children of a decedent, to the amount of $300, have been filed in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for Beaver county, and approved nisi, to wit:

Personal property to amount of $248 85, to widow of Wm. Elder, dec'd. Jno S Elder, Adm.

Personal property to amount of $250 82, to widow of Saml Wilson, dec'd. P.M. Kerr, Adm.

Personal property to amount of $62 50, to widow of Francis Alcorn, dec'd. Henry Phillis, Ex'r.

Personal property amount of $300, to widow of Sam'l Robb, dec'd. Elizabeth and Wm. Robb, Adm'rs.

Personal property to amount of $300, to widow of Andrew Glass, dec'd. John Slentz, Adm'r.

Real estate to amount of $275, to widow of Adam Lambright, late of Bridgewater, dec'd. Hellena Lambright, Adm'r.

Notice is hereby given to creditors, heirs, legatees, distributees, and all others interested, to appear at March term next, and not later than the third day of the term, being the 4th day of March, 1863, to shew cause, if any they have, against the final confirmation of the said several appraisements.

feb4 A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

JESSE JOHNSON,

General Commission Merchant

AND

Dealer in Flour, Grain, and all kinds of Country Produce. Wines and Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, &c.

Office and Warehouse, No. 237 South 2d stree

Philadelphia.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments aug 28.

J. O WILSON. S. D. M'ELROY. JAMES FISLEY

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURG.

Have now their SPRING STOCK of

DRY GOODS,

Complete. Extra inducements offered to Cash buyers. mh19.

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION

OF THE

MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.

12MO. muslin, price 50 cents; paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of the book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Plans address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
138 South Fourth street, Phil'a, Pa.
jan26

AMBROTYPES!!

GOOD, SUBSTANTIAL, LIFELIKE PICTURES can now be had at the

COURT-HOUSE, IN BEAVER.

These pictures are not mere daub-, but were ranked SUPERIOR to any that have ever been made in Beaver county, by any other artist. To be convinced, call and examine specimens which remain but a few weeks

☞ Gallery in the same room occupied by me in 1857. C. A. GRIFFIN
Ap'l9 Photographic Artist

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having business with the subscriber will please call with Mr. Robert Talbot, who is duly authorized to attend to all business during my absence. Also all persons having unsettled accounts will call and make settlement as soon as possible. As it has become my duty to leave Home for the purpose of serving my country, I hope my customers will still give their patronage as usual, as they will find Mr. Talbot at the store shop and my son, James, at the tan yard.

sep3, 1862. JOHN D. STOKES.

Dividend No. 9.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Nov. 4, 1862.

A DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Bank, for the past 6 months, has been declared this day, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives, on DEMAND. This dividend will be free of the United States Tax, the Bank having assumed the payment of the same to the Government. EDWARD HOOPS,
nov19'62 Cashier.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of A. D. Gilliland, New Brighton, engaged in the business of merchandise, was duly dissolved on the 19th day of April, 1862. The Books will be settled at the store of M. Gilliland. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm, will please call and settle immediately as the Books will be closed without delay.

A. D. GILLILAND,
M. GILLILAND,
New Brighton, May 19, 1862.

Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,
Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. [may62

JOHN B. YOUNG,

Att'y at Law.

(BEAVER, PA.)

☞ Office in the Court House.
Jan. 20, 1862.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y. mar26'63.

Dissolution.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing under the name and style of M'Connell & Darragh, Fallston, engaged in the Foundry and Machine Business, was duly dissolved on the 30 day of June, 1862. The books of the late firm will be settled by M. Darragh & Co., at their office in Fallston, Beaver county, Pa., where they will continue said business in all its branches. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm will please call and settle immediately. DAVID M'CONNELL,
MATTISON DARRAGH,
Fallston, je10,'62 S. H. DARRAGH.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of MILO CAIN, late of Independence township, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES WHITE,
feb.25, 1863. Administrator.

BEAVER DRUG STORE.

Opened in the Room formerly Occupied by the late Dr. Minis.

THE Subscriber having purchased the Establishment will endeavor to keep constantly on hand all articles usually found in Drug Stores.

Being a Physician and Druggist, the public may rely on his keeping the PUREST and BEST DRUGS.

A variety of other articles will also be found in his establishment:

Tea, Extract of Coffee, Rosin Soap, Fancy Soaps, Port Monies, Combs.

ALL ARTICLES FOR THE TOILET. SPOOL COTTON, LEAD PENCILS. NEEDLES, STEEL PENS, HAIR BRUSHES, TOOTH BRUSHES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, LETTER, NOTE, & FOOLSCAP PAPER.

Carbon Oil Lamps and Chimneys.

These are a few of the articles and only a few always on hand. Call and see.

He will try, by close attention and fair dealing, to give satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

☞ Particular attention will be paid to putting up Physicians prescriptions. [aug27

THE GREAT CAUSE OF Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope, Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition, of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity. The Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils; may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box, 4586.

MARRIAGE.

IT has been and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature, treatment and radical cure of spermatorrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, epilepsy, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given: it is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address Dr. Wm. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious Quacks—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Phila.

☞ Office hours from 9 to 2, daily. [mar26

PHOENIX GLASS & PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST JEWENTY-THIRD STREET, 173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1828. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1858

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Burling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us

When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.
HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*

Ma7 y—3 mos.

KOLLOCK'S

Dandelion Coffee,

THIS preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
and sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

$30. Employment. $100

COMMERCIAL AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL GOODS FOR THE

ADAMS

(A NEW ENGLAND)

Manufacturing Company.

WE WILL GIVE A COMMISSION OF one hundred per cent on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages of from $30 to $100 per month and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars address with stamp,

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen. Ag't,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co., Detriot, Michigan. July 2, 1862.

Sterling House,

No. 107 Second Street

(BETWEEN WOOD AND MARKET)

PITTSBURG, PENN'A.

BOARDING BY THE MEAL, DAY OR WEEK.

Terms Very Moderate.

THE SOLDIER'S TRUE FRIEND ALWAYS READY. HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

LONG marches, sore and stiff joints, blistered and inflamed feet, all these the soldier must endure, MOTHERS, REMEMBER THIS. when your sons are grasping their muskets to meet danger, think whether it is not at this ALL HEALING & COOLING Salves will give to the one you love when far away from home and friends. It hardens and makes tough the feet so that they can endure great fatigue. It soothes and relieves the inflamed and stiffened joints, leaving them supple, strong and vigorous, while for

SABRE CUTS AND GUNSHOT WOUNDS it stands unequalled, removing and preventing every vestige of inflammation and gently drawing the edges together, it quickly and completely heals the most frightful wounds.

WIVES AND SISTERS OF OUR VOLUNTEERS

Do not let your into the Knapsacks of your Husbands and Brothers, a more valuable or more necessary gift than a supply of this

EXTRAORDINARY MILITARY SALVE.

The lonely sentry walking his rounds at night, exposed to drenching rains and chill night air, is often seized the most VIOLENT PAINS, COUGHS and SUFFOCATING HOARSENESS, first symptoms of QUICK CONSUMPTION, but if supplied with HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT, all danger is averted, a few Pills taken night and morning, and the ointment briskly rubbed twice a day over the throat and chest will remove the SEVEREST PAINS and stop the most distressing or DANGEROUS COUGH Therefore we say to the whole army,

SOLDIERS ATTENTION!

See to your own health; do not trust to the Army supplies although most valuable. These PILLS and OINTMENT have been thoroughly tested, they are the only remedies used in the European Camps and Barracks, for over forty years Doctor Holloway has supplied all the armies in Europe, and during the CRIMEAN CAMPAIGN he established a depot at Balaclava, for the exclusive sale of these GREAT REMEDIES, many a time his special Agent there has sold over a ton in weight of the Ointment in a single day. These terrible and fatal enemies of the Soldier in Camp, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, SCURVY, SORES and SCROFULOUS ERUPTIONS, all disappear like a charm before these PILLS AND OINTMENT, and now while the Cry rings throughout the land,

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!!

Do not let these brave men perish by disease, place in their hands these PRECIOUS REMEDIES, that will enable them to resist the dangerous exposures, the Fevers, the Chills, and the Wounds which they cannot avoid, and what is more, cannot frequently get succor in the moment of need, whereas if our brave men have only to put these PILLS and OINTMENT in their Knapsacks and find there a sure remedy for all the casualties of the battle field. How many thousands of lives would thus be saved who would otherwise perish before relief could be obtained.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London*" are discernable in a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the Leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor Holloway, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box. Mar 7.

List of Causes

FOR MARCH TERM, 1863, COMMENCING 1st MONDAY (2d).

(FIRST WEEK.)

James Duncan	vs. John M'Ewing et al.
Hiram Meanor, et al	" Hugh Anderson.
same	" same
James Kelley & wife	" James M'Elduff.
same	" same

(SECOND WEEK.)

Bank Lawrence Co.	" Selah Chamberlin.
Same	" Same.
Same	" Jos. & S. Chamberlin.
F. Wessell, et al	" Martin Deisler, et al.
Wurtz, Austrie & M'Cune	" Sharrer & Osborn.
Sam'l Stewart, jr.	" Augustine Stevens.
John Graham	" Thomas Murry.
same	" same
same	" same
George Neely	" Thomas Dickson.
Robert M'Elane	" Henry Baldwin.
James Collins & Co.	" W. M. Shirts et al.
Lewis Walker's Administrator, use,	" Burgess and Council Boro of Fallston.
John H. Camp	" Wm. Alexander, jr.
Saml Simes	" Ovid Pinney.
Michael Rost et al	" Henry Kinsey

M. WEYAND, Pro'y.

New Goods!!

B. S. RANGER,

Bridgewater, Pa.,

HAS just received a large assortment of SPRING GOODS,

which will be offered at *PANIC PRICES.*

Amongst his stock can, at all times, be found a variety of

DRESS GOODS, MUSLINS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &c., &c.,
IRON & STEEL, all varieties,
NAILS by the pound or keg,
WHITE LEAD and VARNISH,
LARD, SPERM, LINSEED & CARBON OILS
WINDOW GLASS, all sizes,
QUEENSWARE, LOOKING-GLASSES, &c.,

All of which will be sold low for Cash, or Country Produce.

Bridgewater, May 7, 1862.

Wm. MILLER, Phil'a. C. W RICKETSON, Pittsb'g

MILLER & RICKETSON, WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND IMPORTERS OF

Brandies, Wines and Segars,

No. 223 Cor. of Liberty & Irwin sts.
PITTSBURG, PA.

Iron, Nails, Cotton Yarn, &c., &c. constantly on hand. [aug6

NOTICE TO SOLDIERS!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS OPENED AN Office in WASHINGTON, D. C. for the Collection of

Pensions, Back Pay and Bounty,

due Soldiers, and will promptly attend to all business entrusted to him, and will furnish information relative to such claims, upon enclosure of necessary postage stamps.

SAMUEL A. POWER,
(Kirkwood House.)
WASHINGTON, D. C.

feb11'63

(New Castle Courant, Butler American, and Beaver Star copy and send bill to this office.)

LIST OF APPLICANTS FOR LICENSE AT MARCH SESSIONS, 1863:

Inns and Taverns.

David S. Hamilton	Georgetown.
Sampson Kerr	Beaver.
John D. McKall	Georgetown.
Alex. Clark	Beaver.
C. F. Kearcher	Phillipsburg.
August Walter	Glasgow.
John Graebing	New Galilee

To sell Liquors with Merchandize.

Mary Alexander	Rochester bor.

Feb. 11. A. G. M'CREARY, Clk.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK,
Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr.,
Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. RODMAN,
Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE,
Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS,
Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.

HON. CHAS. S. RODIER,
Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

HON. D. F. TIEMANN,
Mayor of NEW Y

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. . . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

VANITY FAIR

IS ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY, and is for Sale by all Newsmen, and at the Office of Publication, No 113 Nassau-street, New-York.

TERMS

Three dollars per annum in advance—Six cents single copy.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

Two copies of VANITY FAIR will be sent to one address for.....$5 00
Five copies.....12 00
Ten copies.....20 00

An Extra copy will be allowed to the getter-up of every Club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
New-York.

Office of JAY COOKE,

SUBSCRIPTION AGENT.

At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,

140 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862.

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per ct Bonds.

of the United States, designated as "Five-Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50 $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase, and is

PAYABLE IN GOLD,

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PERCENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures, &c., &c., in the country; and the full and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal, by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the

Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept on hand for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

A Rare chance for a Good Investment.

FOR SALE

STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A COUNTRY STORE, in a good Location, with a large run of custom: situate within 13 miles of Pittsburg. Just in time for Fall and Winter Trade. Stock low at present; no unsalable Goods. Terms easy. For a man of limited capital, no better chance could be offered.—Store and dwelling house, for sale or rent.—Address "R. L." Allegheny City, Pa., giving real name, and stating where an interview can be held. Oct15.

NOTICE.

AARON MOORE, of this Borough is the only LICENSED AUCTIONEER in this county. He is, at any time, ready to perform the duties of his office when notified. Any other who attempts to sell at Auction, except at Administrator's sale, does it in violation of law. The penalty is not less than $60.

Beaver, Dec. 10, '62.

Stray.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, in Chippewa tp., about the 1st of July, a White Heifer, 2 years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

Aug.21—2m. THOS. M'KINLEY.

Noticé.

ALL persons having unsettled account with me, for Smith & Collins, within the last twenty years, for Carding, Spinning, &c., will please call at the Fallston Woolen Factory, before the first of October, 1862, and settle the same by cash or note.

jy16,'62. EPH'M. SMITH

J. W. CRAFT,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 185 Liberty Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Orders for Pittsburgh Manufactured Goods, and Groceries, promptly filled at the very owest prices, when accompanied with cash r an equivalent. sep17:3m.

WANTED—10,000 Bushels of Wheat,
" 5,000 " Rye,
" 3,000 " Barley,
" 5,000 " Oats,

elivered in Pittsburg, for which I am authorized to pay the highest prices. Address,

J. W. CRAFT.
No. 185, Liberty Street. Pittsburg.

sep17 3m.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PRO'R

ROCHESTER, PENN'A.

PEN-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, Purses, Port Monaies, Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, Pins, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of

oc22. DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES.

DR. CHEESEMAN'S PILLS

THE combination of ingredients in these Pills are the result of a long and extensive practice. They are mild in their operation, and certain in correcting all irregularities, painful menstruations, removing all obstructions, whether from cold or otherwise, headache, pain in the side, palpitation of the heart, whites, all nervous affections, fatigue, hysterics, pain in the back and limbs, etc., disturbed sleep, which arise from interruption of nature.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

was the commencement of a new era in the treatment of those irregularities and obstructions which have consigned so many to a PREMATURE GRAVE. No female can enjoy good health unless she is regular, and whenever an obstruction takes place the general health begins to decline.

Dr. Cheeseman's Pills

are the most effectual remedy known for all complaints peculiar to Females. To all classes they are invaluable, *inducing, with certainty, periodical regularity.* They are known to thousands, who have used them at different periods, throughout the country, having the sanction of some of the most eminent Physicians in America.

Explicit directions, stating when they should not be used, with each Box—the Price One-Dollar per Box, containing from 50 to 60 Pills.

Pills *sent by mail, promptly,* by remitting to the Proprietor. Dr. Smith of Bridgewater, sole agent for this County.

R. B. HUTCHINGS, Proprietor.
20 Cedar St., New York.

NOTICE.

James Hoey } In the Court of Common
vs } Pleas of Beaver county, No.
Susan Hoey, } 70, March Term, 1862.

LIBEL FOR DIVORCE.

The original and alias subpœna in this cas having been returned *N. E. I.*, and du proof having been made that Susan Hoey could not be found in Beaver county, I am therefore directed to give notice according to law, requiring the respondent, Susan Hoey, to appear in this Court, on the first day of next term, being the first Monday of March next, to answer the petition of libelant.

Susan Hoey, the respondent above named, is hereby notified to appear in this Court on the first Monday of March next, in pursuance of said order. JOHN ROBERTS,

dec17 Sheriff.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of FRANCIS ALCORN, late of Pulaski, tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim gainst said estate will present them to the subscribers properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY PHILLIS, Pulaski tp.,
dec10 Executor.

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of GEO. BOSWELL, late of New Brighton, Beaver county, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN BOSWELL,
BENJ BEDISON,
June 25, 1862. Executors.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on estate of Joseph McCready, Sr., dec'd., late of Greene tp., Beaver county, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement. JAMES McCREADY,

oc22. Executor.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of MICHAEL RAMBO, late of Raccoon township, Beaver county, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JACOB FRONK,
sep24. Administrator.

Stray Mare.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber living in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, on the evening of the 24th of April, a small Bay Mare, about 5 years old, shod all around, saddle marks, off hind hough enlarged by a cut or bruise; no other marks perceivable. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away, or otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

june11 3t JAMES K. CALHOUN.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D. ..... J. M. CUMMINS, M. D.

C. P. Cummins & Son,

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionally engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.

Dec3'62

STRAY COW.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in New Sewickley tp., Beaver co., Pa., on the 6th of October, 1862, a red cow, with a white face, about 6 years old; she had a bell on, and two or three slits in the ear; no other marks visible. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away.

oc22:3t. A. P. SMITH.

Lost Dog.

LOST in Rochester, on the 21st of October, a Black Shepherd Dog, with white rim around his neck, and white tip on the end of his tail; answers to the name of "Ring." Any person finding said dog will be suitably ewarded by leaving him at Johnston's Hotel, near Rochester Depot, or at the residence of the subscriber in New Sewickly tp.

nov12 OHN GARRARD.

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE

LETTERS of administration upon the estate of DANIEL EHRHART, late of Big Beaver tp., Beaver co., Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

W. H. FOSTER,
FRED. GRAHAM,
jan 21 '63. Administrator.

Notice.

The accounts and subscriptions to THE ARGUS for 1860 and 1861, which have not been settled up, as well as the accounts of M. Weyand, M. & J. Weyand, and Weyand and Henry, are in my hands for settlement. All who are indebted to either of these for subscription, advertisement or job work, will please call on me at the TREASURER'S OFFICE. Many of these accounts are of long standing and should be settled.

SAMUEL DAVENPORT.

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH.

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,

DEVOTED TO

CHOICE LITERATURE,

INCLUDING

Poetry, Novelettes, Tales,

AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture,

EMBRACING

Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8,00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15,00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accomplished with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.

Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *indigent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotton up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to.

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, will be exposed to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Saturday, 28th of February, 1863,

at 1 o'clock, p. m., the following real estate of Jacob Noss, sr., dec'd., situate in Brighton tp., Beaver county; bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post of the garden of said Noss, near the bridge, thence along the upper side of the great road south forty-three degrees, west fifty-one perches to a post, thence by land of Jesse Moore, north two degrees, west twenty-four perches to a post near a Lynn tree, thence north forty-two degrees, east forty perches to a post, thence south thirty-one degrees, east sixteen perches to place of beginning; containing between four and five acres, be the same more or less. Dwelling house, stable, orchard and other valuable improvements on the premises.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money to be paid on confirmation of the sale by the Court, balance in two equal, annual instalments from that date, with interest thereon from same time. By the Court.

Beaver, Feb1. A. G. M'CREARY, Cl'k.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar; no classes or set lessons are made use of, but each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7. PRINCIPAL.

NEW MILINERY AND MANTUA-MAKING ESTABLISHMENT,

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,
(Four Doors below Dr. Sargent's Drug Store.

may7,'62—1y. MRS & MISS RENO.

PITTSBURG WATER CURE.

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all forms of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

☞ For Pictorial Circular address
DR. W. N. HAMBLETON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

A FIRST CLASS SCHOOL FOR THE EDUcation of Young Ladies. Special care given in the Primary and Preparatory Departments.

All expenses except Tuition and Washing, per term of fourteen weeks..... $38 00

Tuition from $3 50 to $8 00.

No efforts spared to make the school worthy of the confidence of its patrons.

☞ Send for a Catalogue.

☞ The next term commences Dec. 9th, '62.

"The Union,"

Arch Street above Third,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Upton S. Newcomer, Prop'r.

THIS Hotel is central. Convenient by Passenger Railway Cars to all parts of the City, and in every particular adapted to the comfort and wants of the Travelling Public

TERMS, $1,50 PER DAY.

"The Howe Sewing Machine,"

SOLD BY

A. M. M'GREGOR,

CORNER PENN & ST. CLAIR STS.,
PITTSBURG, PENN'A.,

NEEDS ONLY TO BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED. jan22—6m.

Notice

IS hereby given that I have been appointed as Surgeon by the Pension Department to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service; that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.

GEORGE McCOOK, M. D.,
Oct.15—4t. Examining Surgeon.

JOY, COE & CO.,

Advertising and Commission Agents

AND DEALERS IN

PRINTING INKS OF ALL KINDS

Type, Printing Materials,

WRITING AND PRINTING PAPER CARDS, &c

OFFICES—Brown's Building, Philadelphia; Tribune Buildings, New York.

mar26:1y.

JAMES S. RUTAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

(*DISTRICT ATTORNEY.*)

BEAVER, PENN'A.

☞ Office in the Court House.

ALL claims against the Government for back pay, bounty and pensions, prosecuted to collection with the least possible delay. dec3'62

MILO A. TOWNSEND

DEALER IN

BOOKS, STATIONERY,

Wall Paper,

TOYS AND FANCY ARTICLES

no6. NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

A. R. THOMSON.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office, corner of Third street and the Diamond.

BEAVER, PA.

may 21.

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO

MANUFACTUTERS OF

CARBON OIL,

ROCHESTER,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA. jap2

LOANS ON FIRST MORTGAGES can be negotiated at the PITTSBURG DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, No. 67 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburg, on favorable terms.

jan21:6m. C. A. COLTON, Treasury.

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Springr and Summer, with large profits. Send for mynew circular, containing full information.

Address GEO. EDW'D SEARS,
mar16. 181 William St., N. Y.

Wanted Immediately,

FOX, MINK, RACCOON, SKUNK, and MUSKRAT SKINS; for which the highest prices, in Cash, will be paid at the Cheap Clothing Store of I. N. ATKINS, Beaver—sign of the Big Hat. dec17

JOHN B. WILLIAMS,

BARBER & HAIR-DRESSER.

(Shop one door east of Proudley's Hotel,)

BRIDGEWATER, PENN'A.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES

OF THE

BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in badenessto insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed, immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

☞ CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway: New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

☞ Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

600,000

MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS

TO SELL

Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick,

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862: cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, add will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Bhorersville, Nolund's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm. Bown, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

TO COUNTRY DEALERS.

School Books and Stationery at Whole sale.

The subscriber has always on hand Osgood's & M Guffey's Speller & Readers, Ray's, Arithmetics, Stoddard's Arithmetic, Pinneo's Grammars, Bibles, &c., Testaments, Letter Cap and Commercial Note papers, Envelopes, Blank Books, Pass Books, Steel Pens and Holders, Copy Books, Slates, Ink, Ink-stands, Bonnet Boards, &c., &c.

Usual discount for cash. Goods packed and delivered to any part of the city.

ROBT. S. DAVIS,
feb:18 78 Wood st., Pittsburgh

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK,
Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr.,
Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. RODMAN,
Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE,
Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS,
Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.

HON. CHAS. S. RODIER,
Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

HON. D. F. TIEMANN,
Mayor of NEW YORK CITY.

HON. H. M. KINSTREY,
Mayor of HAMILTON, C. W.

HON. ADAM WILSON,
Mayor of TORONTO, C. W.

HON. R. M. BISHOP,
Mayor of CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HON. I. H. CRAWFORD,
Mayor of LOUISVILLE, KY.

HON. JOHN SLOAN,
Mayor of LYONS, IOWA.

HON. JAMES McFEETERS,
Mayor of BOWMANVILLE, C. W.

HON. JAMES W. NORTH,
Mayor of AUGUSTA, ME.

HON. HENRY COOPER, Jr.,
Mayor of HALLOWELL, ME.

HON. JAMES S. BEEK,
Mayor of FREDERICTON, N. B.

HON. WILLARD NYE,
Mayor of NEW BEDFORD, MASS.

HON. J. BLAISDELL,
Mayor of FALL RIVER, MASS.

HON. W. H. CRANSTON,
Mayor of NEWPORT, R. I.

HON. FRED STAHL,
Mayor of GALENA, ILL.

HON. JOHN HODGDEN,
Mayor of DUBUQUE, IOWA.

HON. THOMAS CRUTCHFIELD,
Mayor of CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HON. ROBERT BLAIR,
Mayor of TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

HON. R. D. BAUGH,
Mayor of MEMPHIS, TENN.

HON. GERARD STITH,
Mayor of NEW ORLEANS, LA.

HON. H. D. SCRANTON,
Mayor of ROCHESTER, N. Y.

HON. DE WITT C. GROVE,
Mayor of UTICA, N. Y.

HON. GEO. WILSON,
Mayor of PITTSBURG, PA.

HON. C. H. BUHL,
Mayor of DETROIT, MICH.

HON. HEMAN L. PAGE,
Mayor of MILWAUKIE, WIS.

HON. W. W. VAUGHN,
Mayor of RACINE, WIS.

HON. A. FARR,
Mayor of KENOSHA, WIS.

HON. JOHN C. HAINES,
Mayor of CHICAGO, ILL.

HON. M. J. A. HEATH,
Mayor of SELMA, ALA.

HON. A. J. NOBLE,
Mayor of MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HON. W. S. HOLYBAD,
Mayor of COLUMBUS, GA.

DON ESPARTERO MANUEL,
Mayor of VERA CRUZ.

DON PIETRE DE CABALLO,
Mayor of MEXICO.

DON ESTEPHANIE RODRIGUES,
Mayor of HAVANA.

DON ANTONIO ECHEVERA,
Mayor of LIMA, PERU.

DON M. G. MILANGNO,
Mayor of VALPARAISO, CHILL

DON MARO SESQUIPEDALIA,
Mayor of RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL.

Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Ayer's Pills, and Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.,

And sold by Druggists every where.

☞ For sale by D. Minis, jr., Beaver; S Cross, Rochester; Waggoner & Lowry, Freedom; J. Nichols, Baden; J. Sargent, New Brighton, John Black, Darlington, Duncan & Edgar, Fallston, and by dealers every where. Feb 12 '62.

The Bugle Call! A New Era has Begun! War of Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums Toothache, Earache and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY,

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath and Mouth

AND

uring Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, one box.
Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, 77 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX $5.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use is on each article.*

The following articles we can send separately, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, post paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or four stamps.

The *Neuralgia Plaster,* for Neuralgia in the Face, Nervous Headache, and Earache; sent post paid, on receipt of *Eighteen Cents*, or six stamps.

The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* (large size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part of the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,

WM. B. HURD, CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores. If they cannot send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY. Price ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW.

IS THE TIME TO USE DR. HURD'S PREPARATIONS AND

The best evidences that they are is, that their firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd* is an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says: "We are happy to know that our friend Dr. Hurds is succeeding beyond all expectation with his *MOUTH WASH* and *TOOTH POWDER.* The great secret of his success is the fact *that he neither age, prepares or keeps on hand to sell to the trade any of the drugs* that destroy the teeth."

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: "I find your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. *We don't like to be without it,* and would be much obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with bill."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of those Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Powder contains no acids, nor alkali, nor gritty and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S REMEDIES EFFECT?

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that sweet breath and pearly teeth so much admired by gentlemen—a sweet breath and pearly teeth so much admired by them. ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all impurities, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the cup of coffee more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the the best preparations in the world for curing *bad breath* and giving *beautiful teeth* and *healthy gums. Diseased Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth,* etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's mouth wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to complexion, make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They should be used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

which are liable to impart a taint to the breath.

Dr. Hurd's Toothache Drops cure the toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have to use to save their children from torture, and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathy during.

Farmers and mechanics, you can afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifle you can now get preservatives, the use of which Rothschild or Astor can not obtain. Remember that *Dr. Hurd and Co. are the Longest* often originate in neglected teeth. Send for the *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth,* Fitch's observations on this subject, and take immediate to arrest decay in your own teeth, and your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA PLASTERS.—